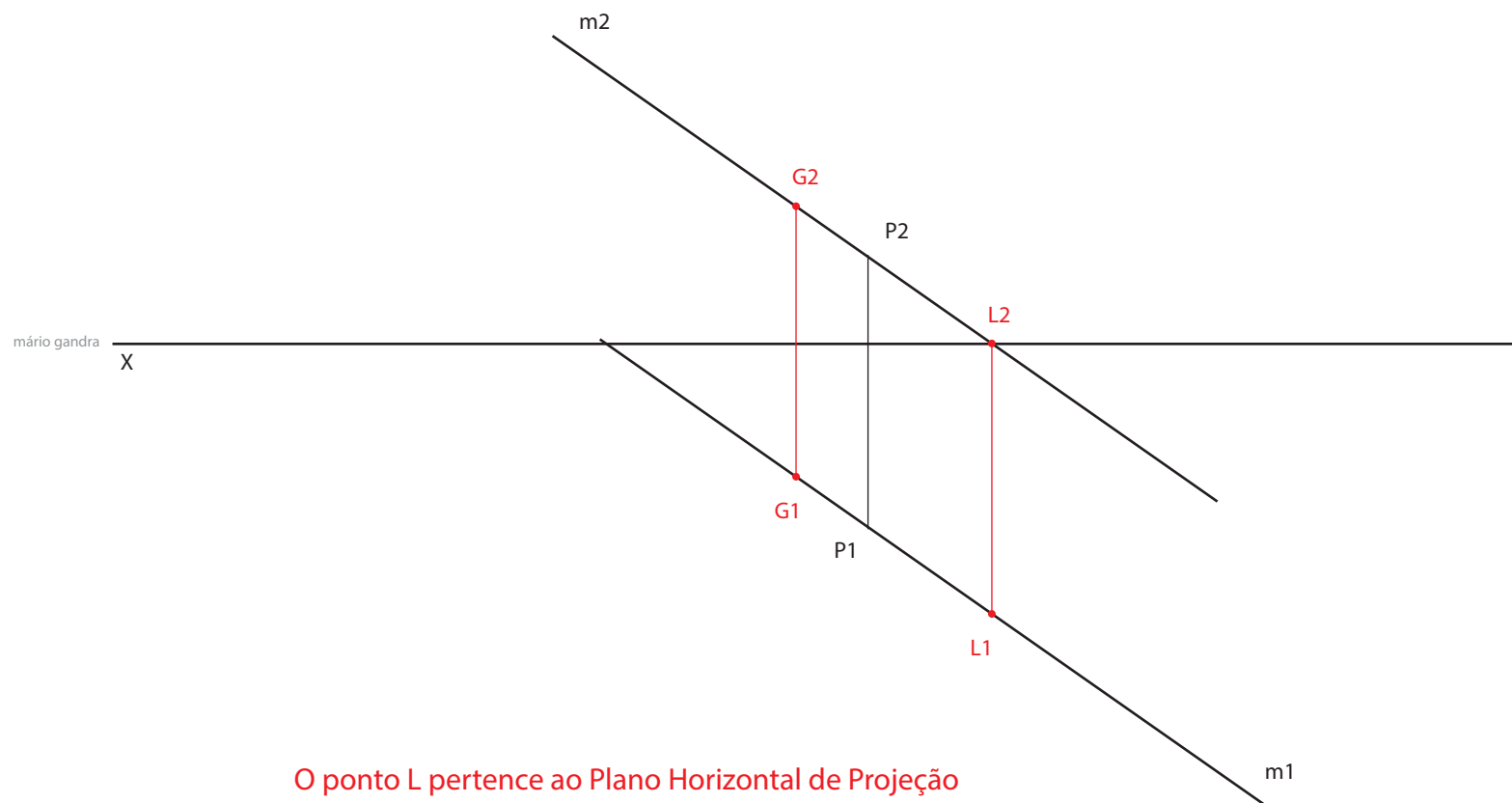
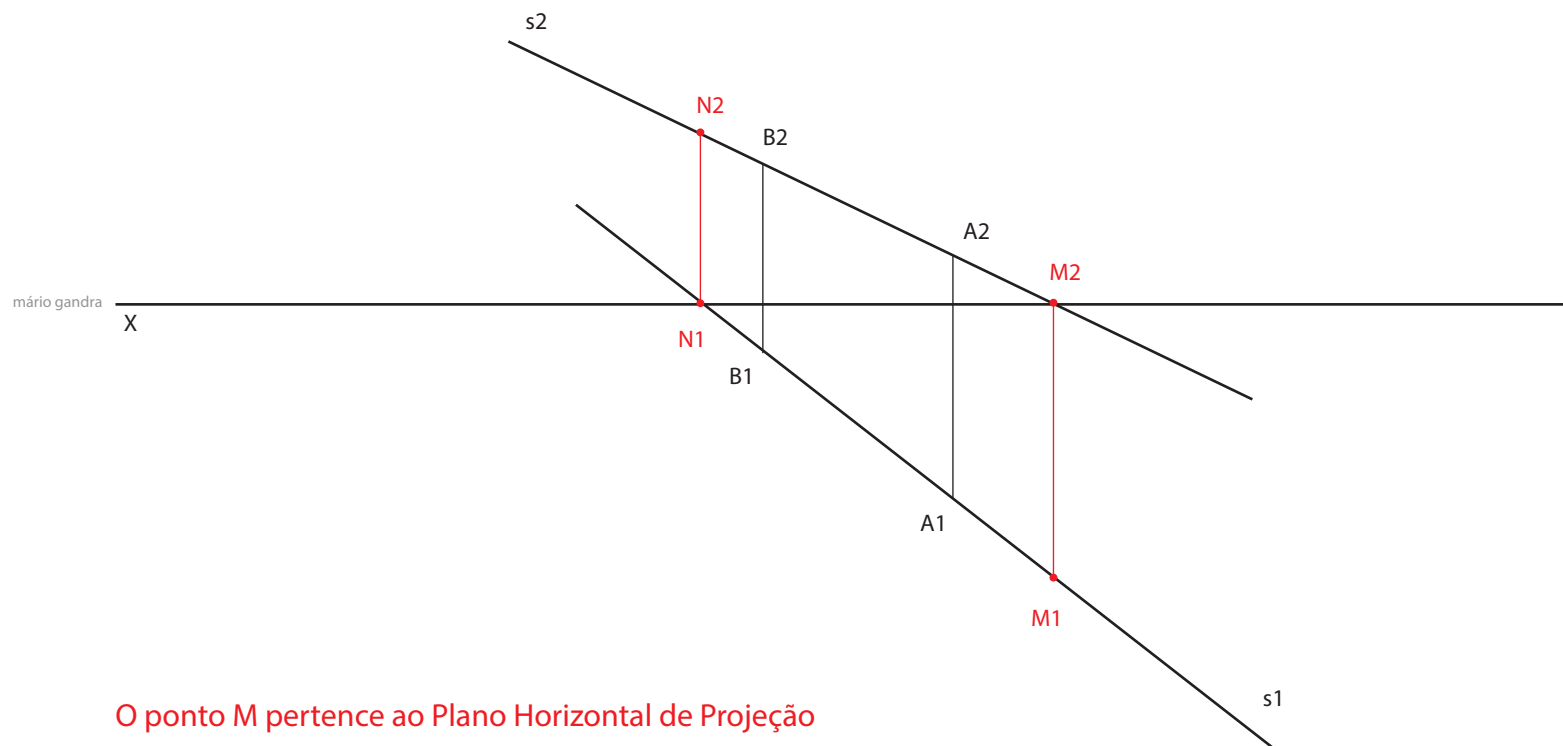


1



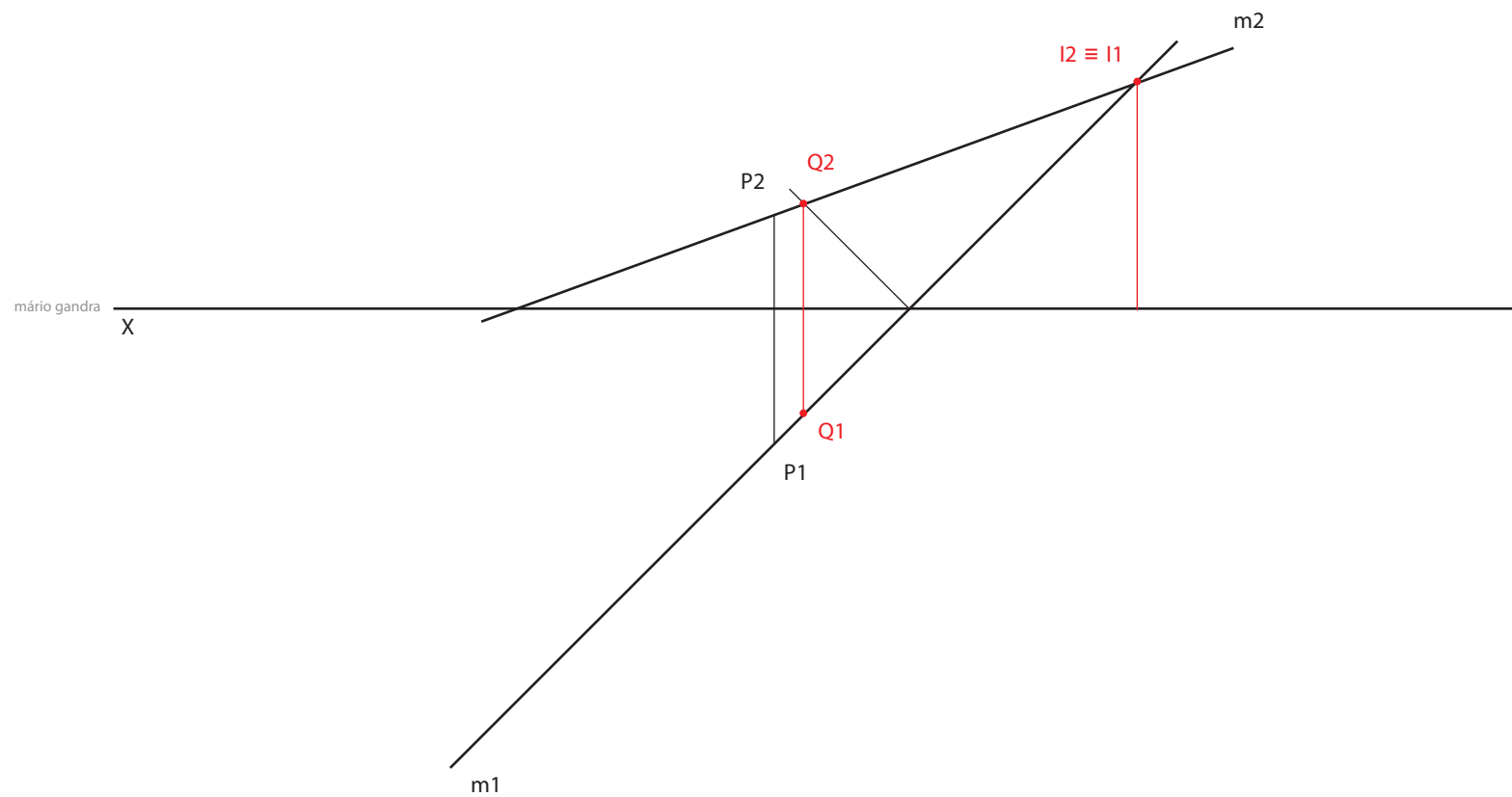
2



O ponto M pertence ao Plano Horizontal de Projeção

O ponto N pertence ao Plano Frontal de Projeção

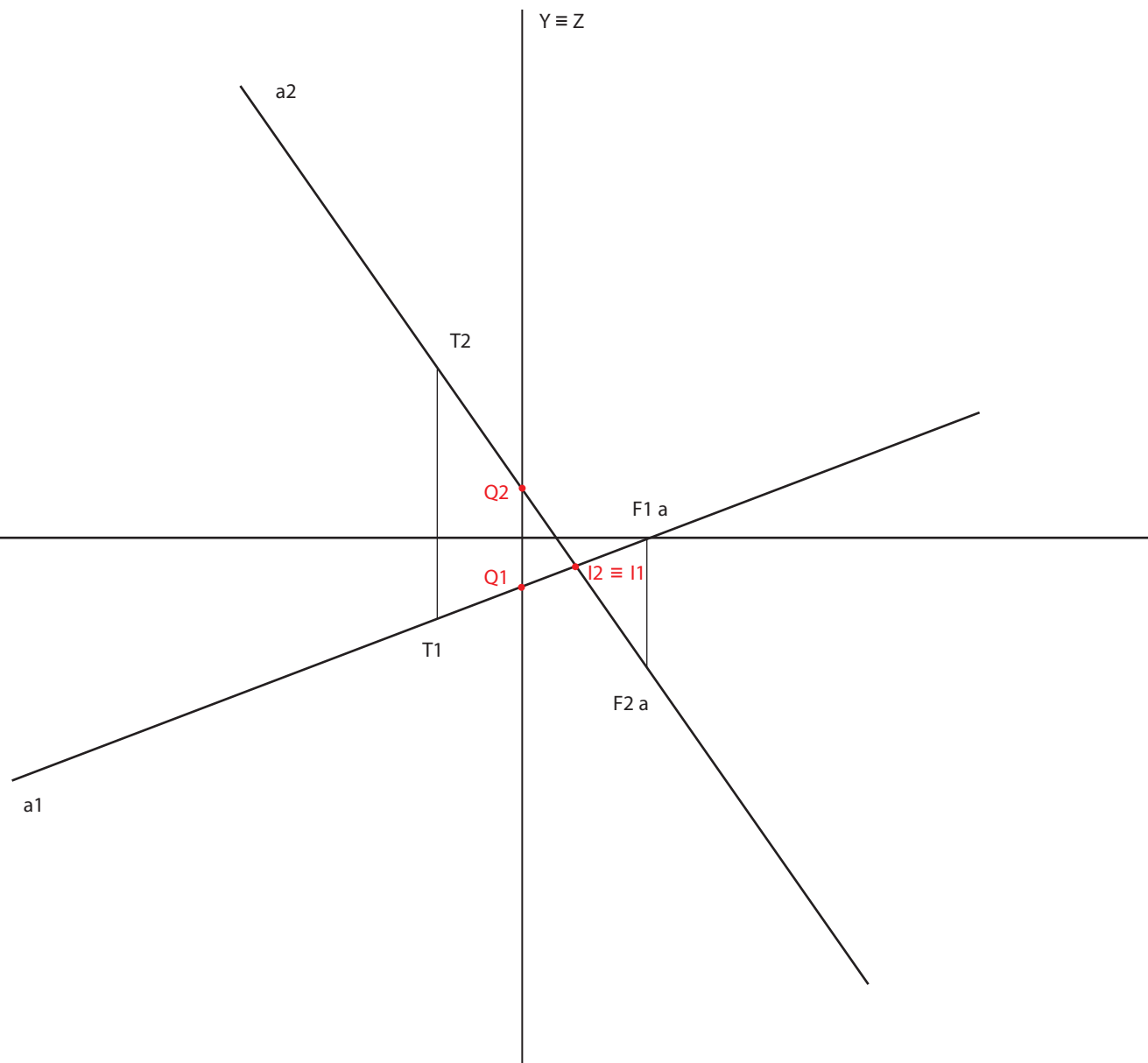
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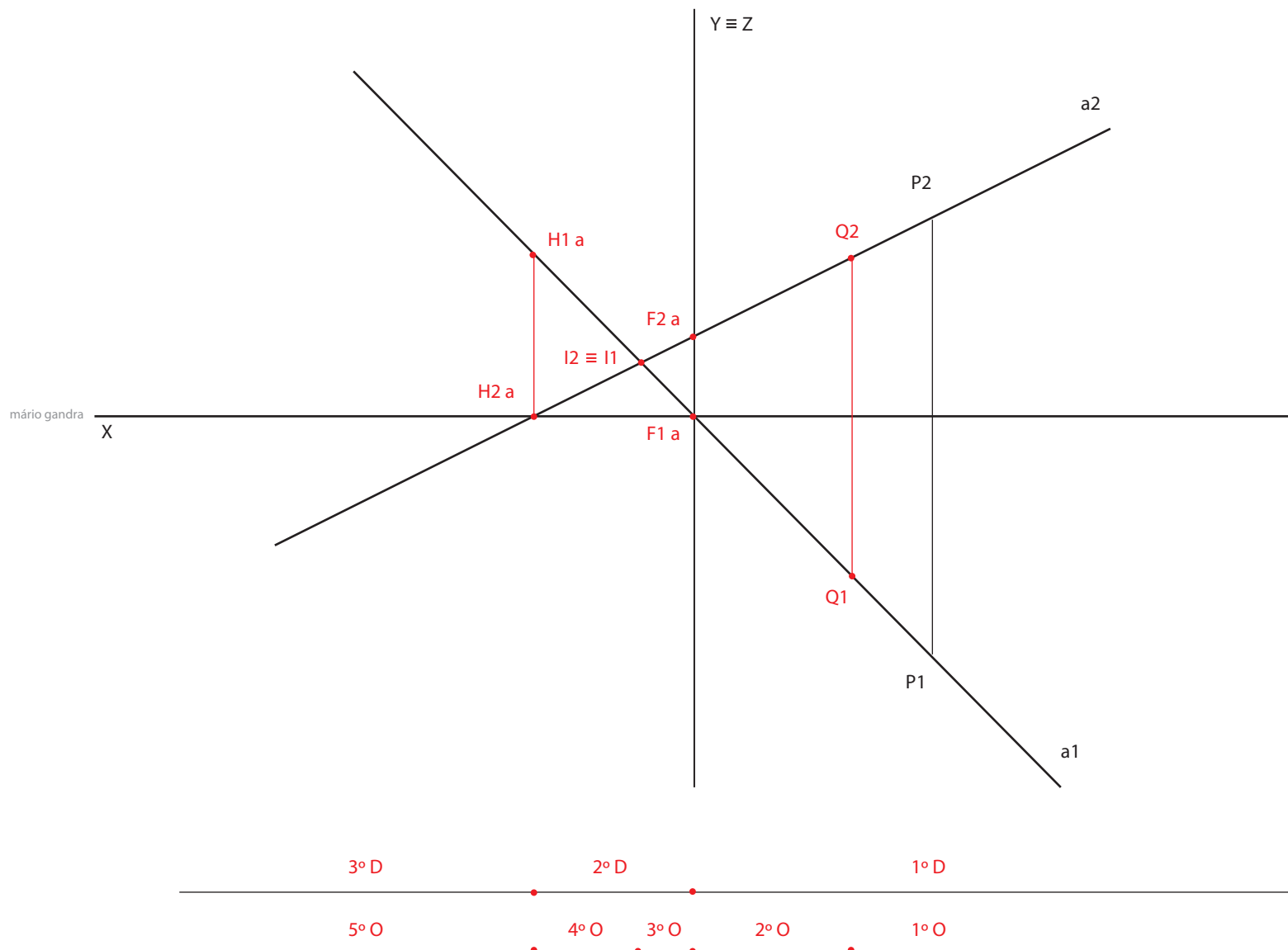
4

mário gandra

X

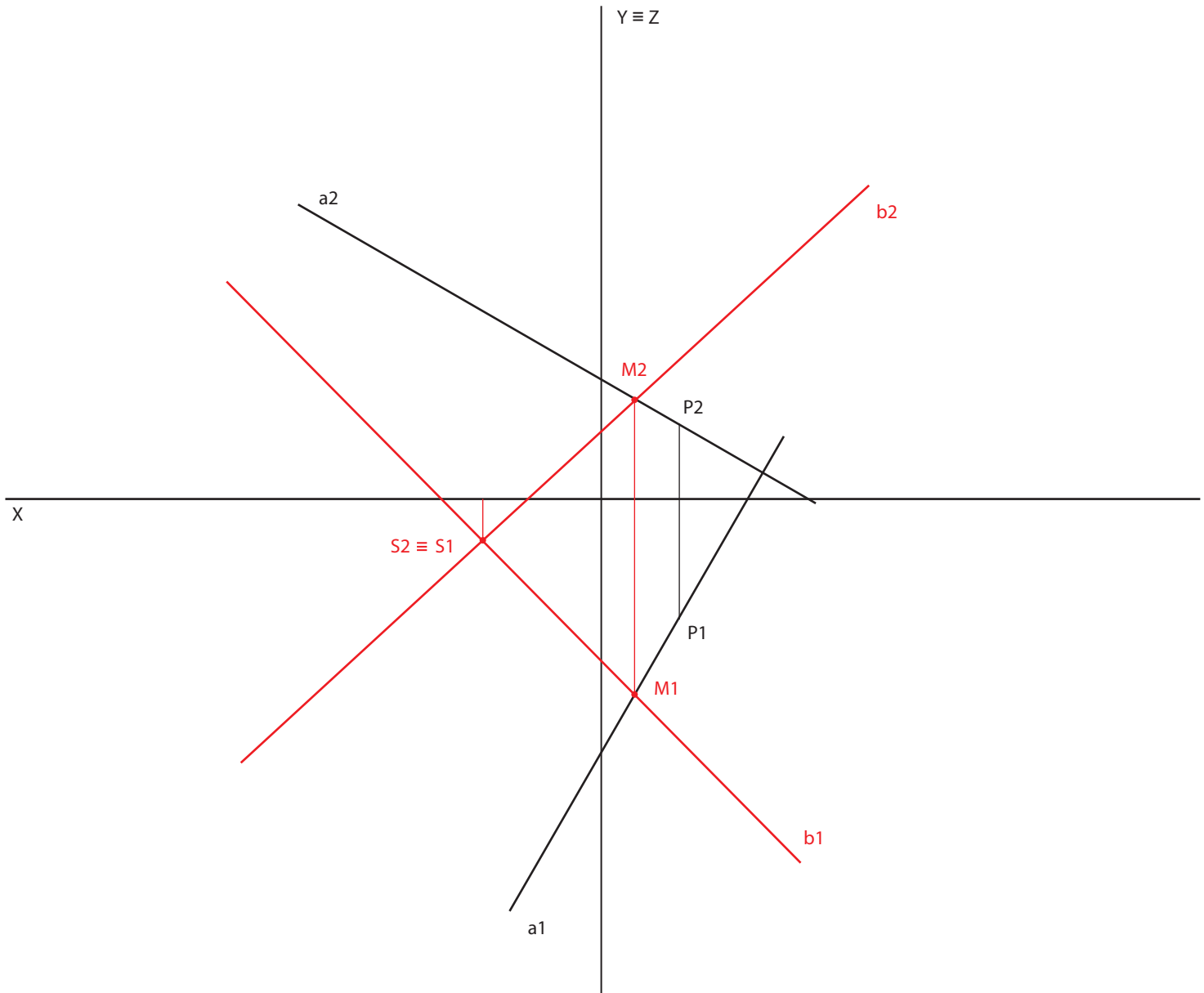


5

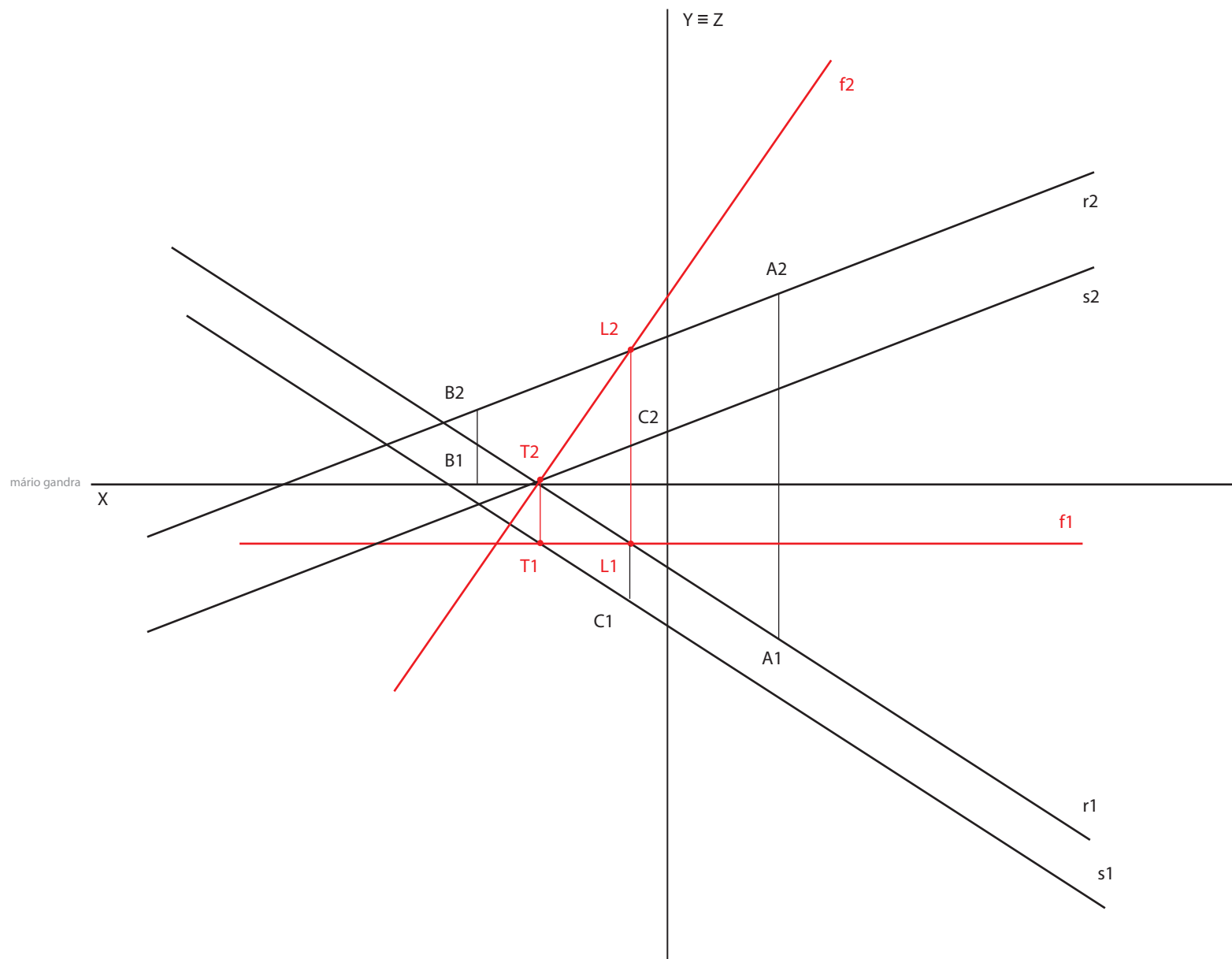


6

mário gandra

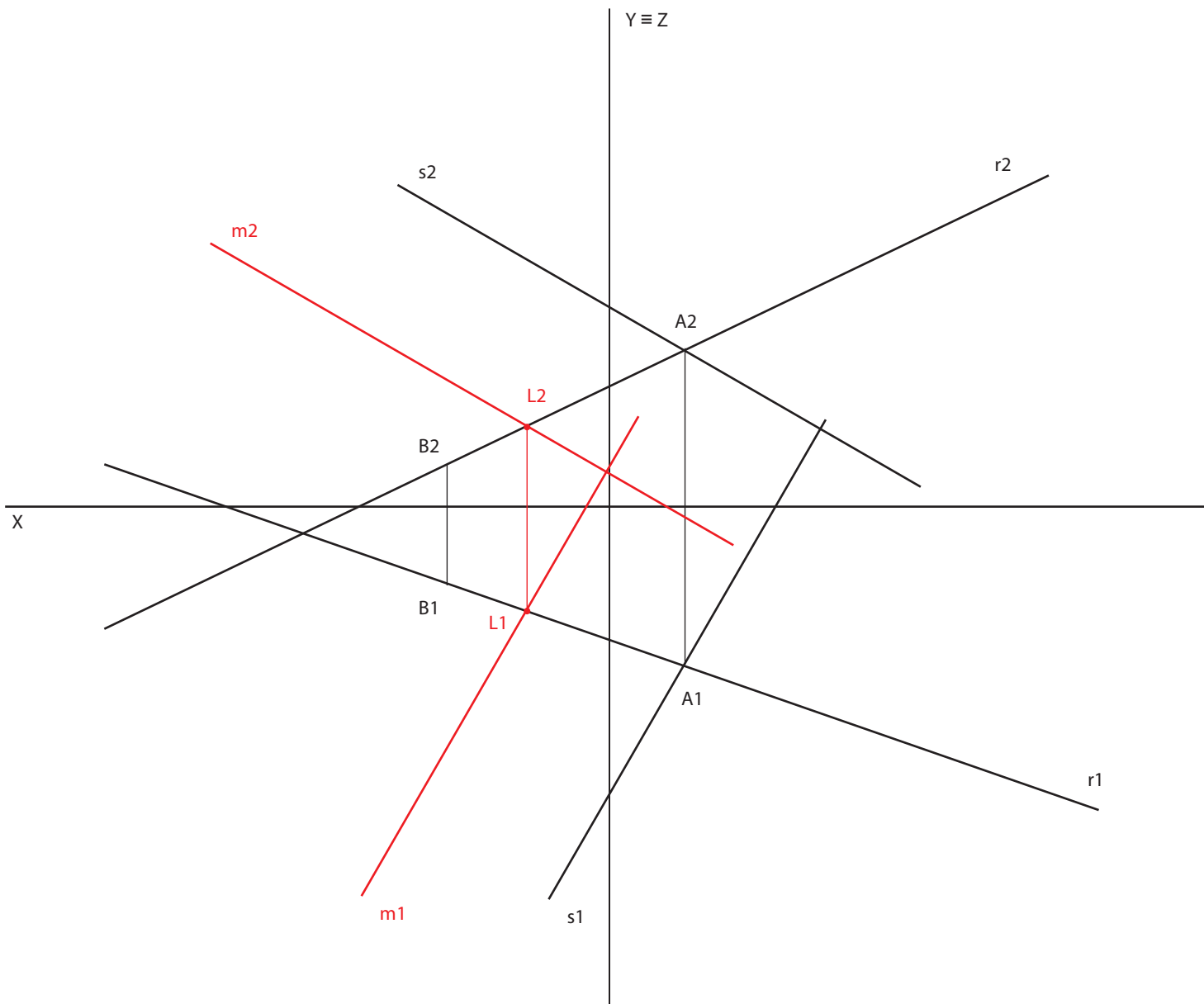


7

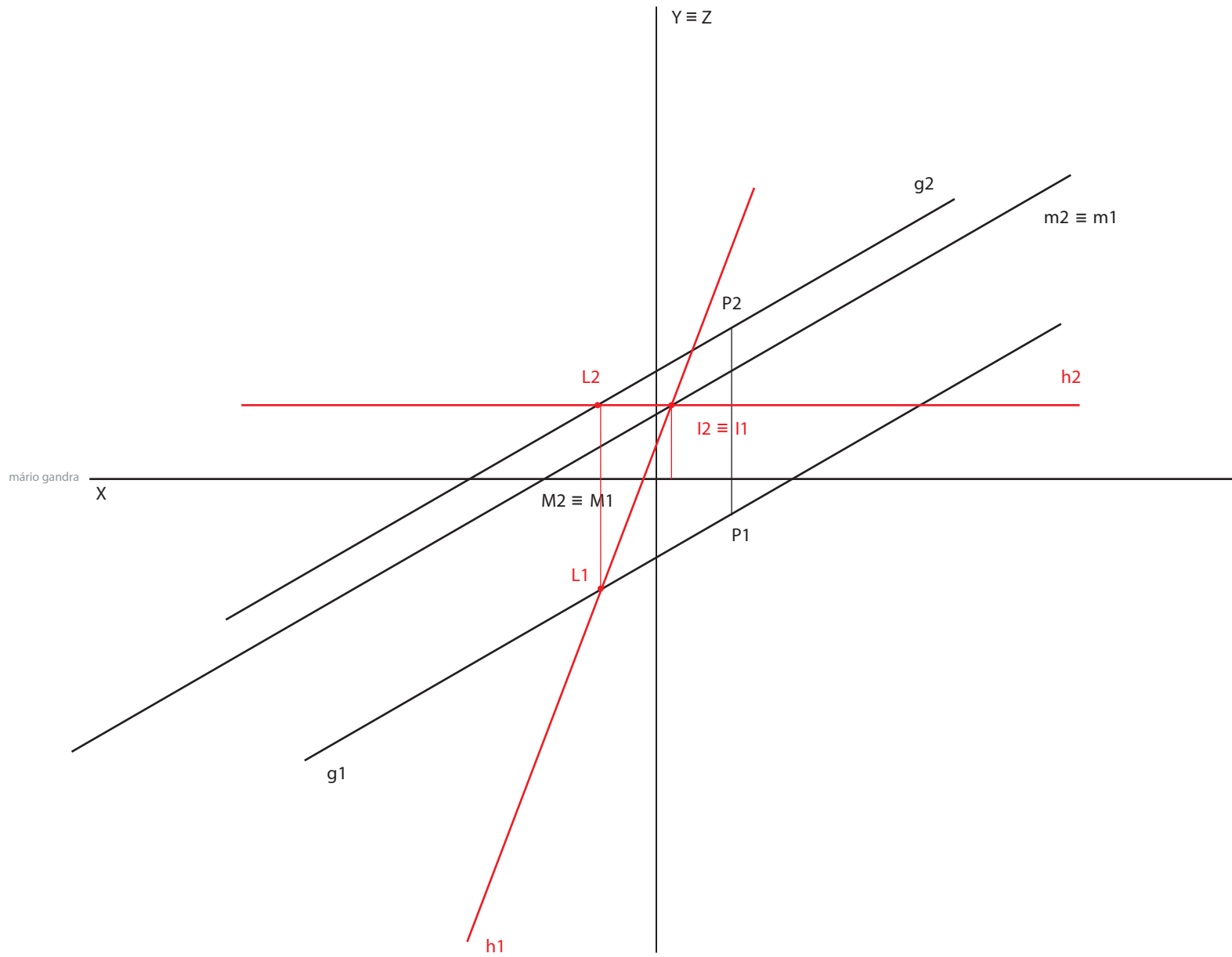


8

mário gandra



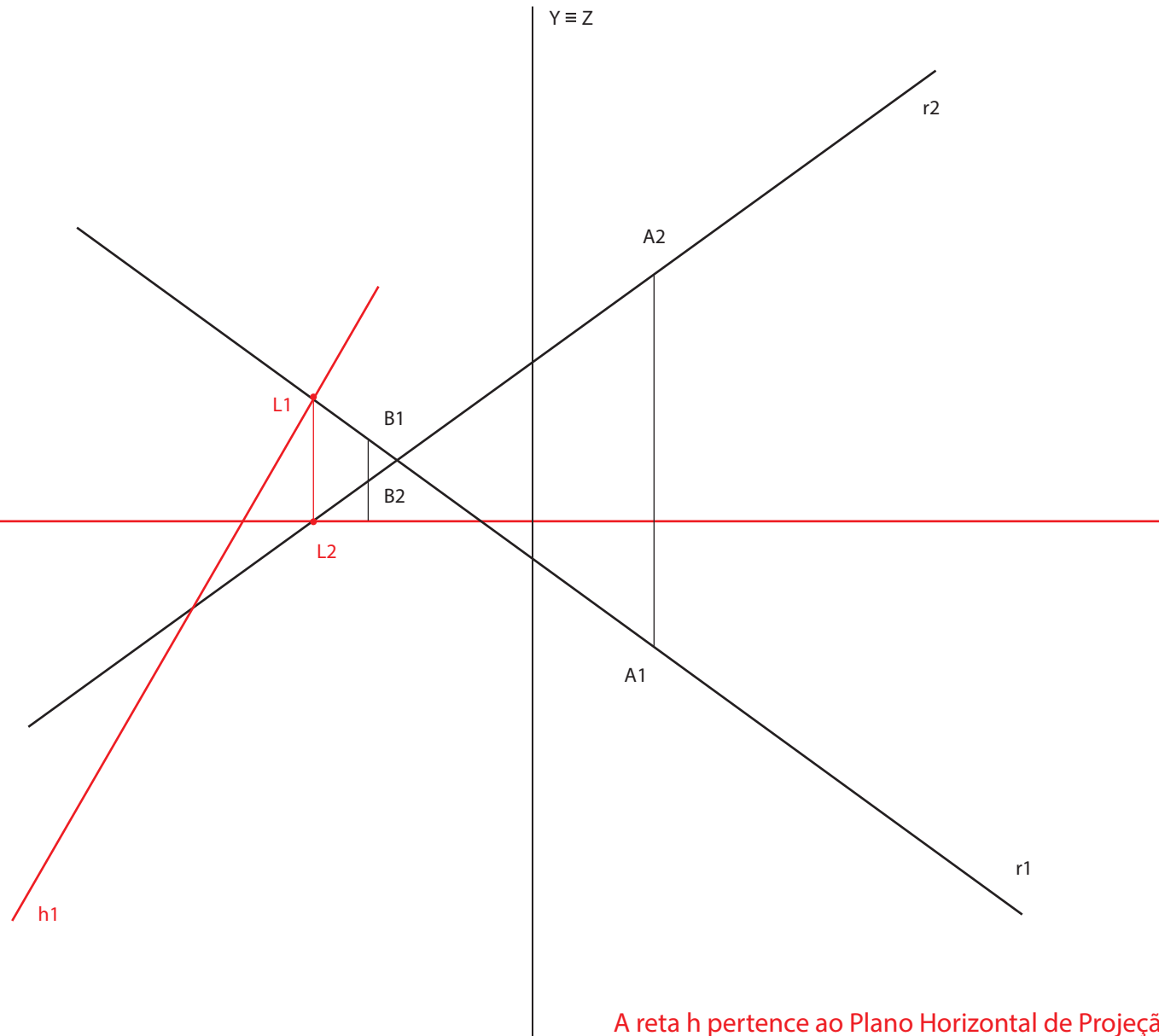
9



10

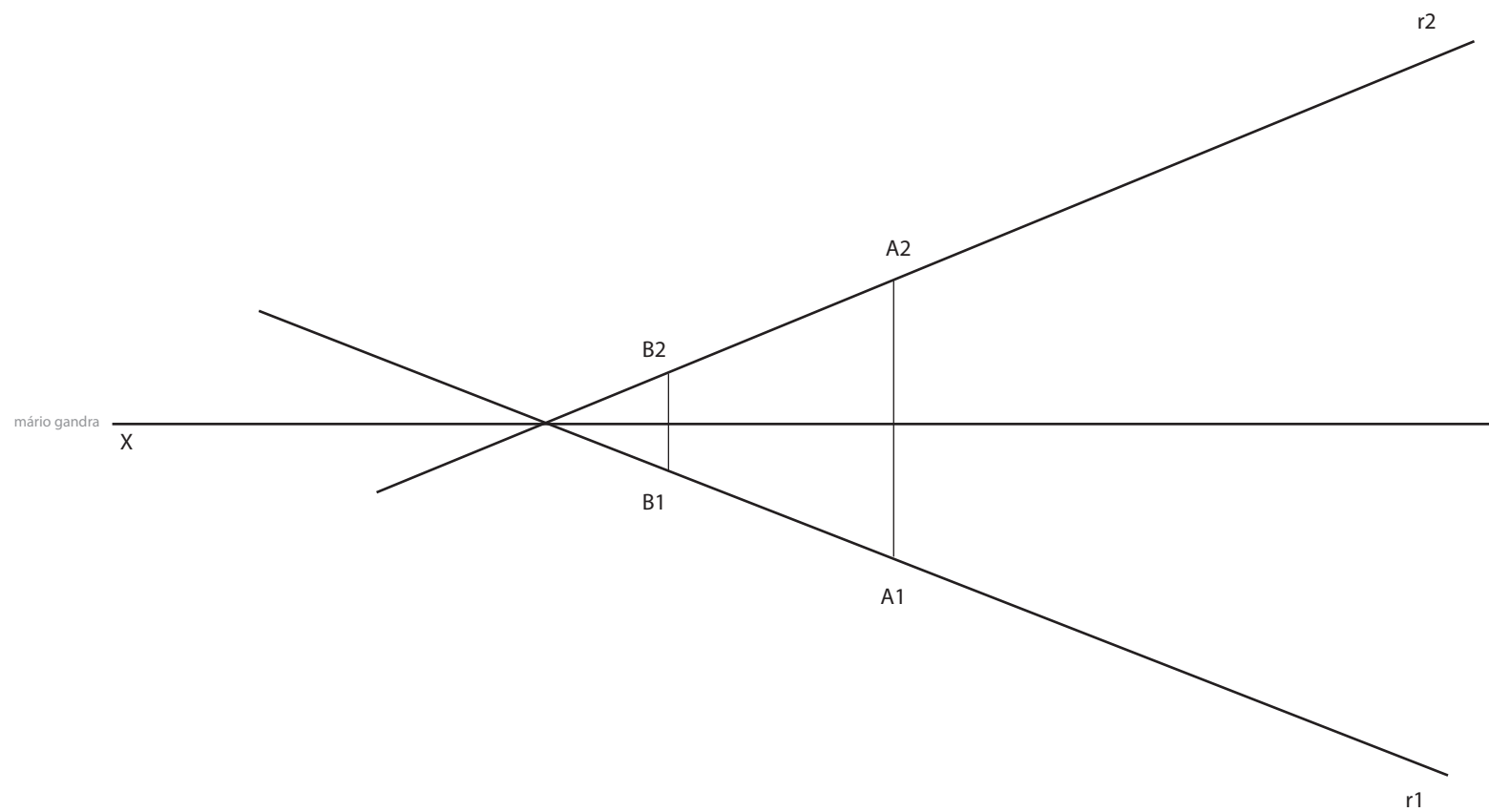
mário gandra

$X \equiv h2$



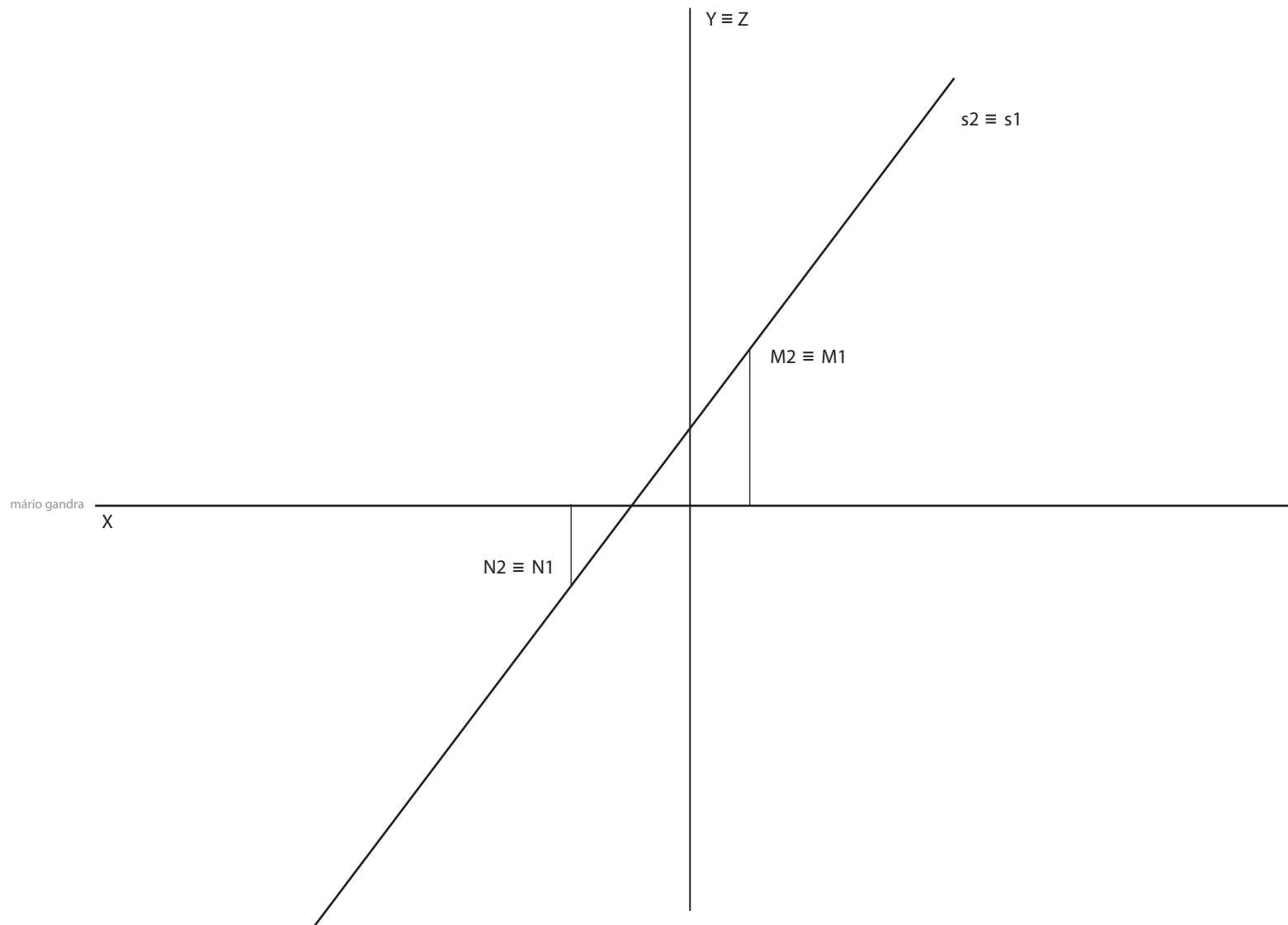
A reta h pertence ao Plano Horizontal de Projeção

11



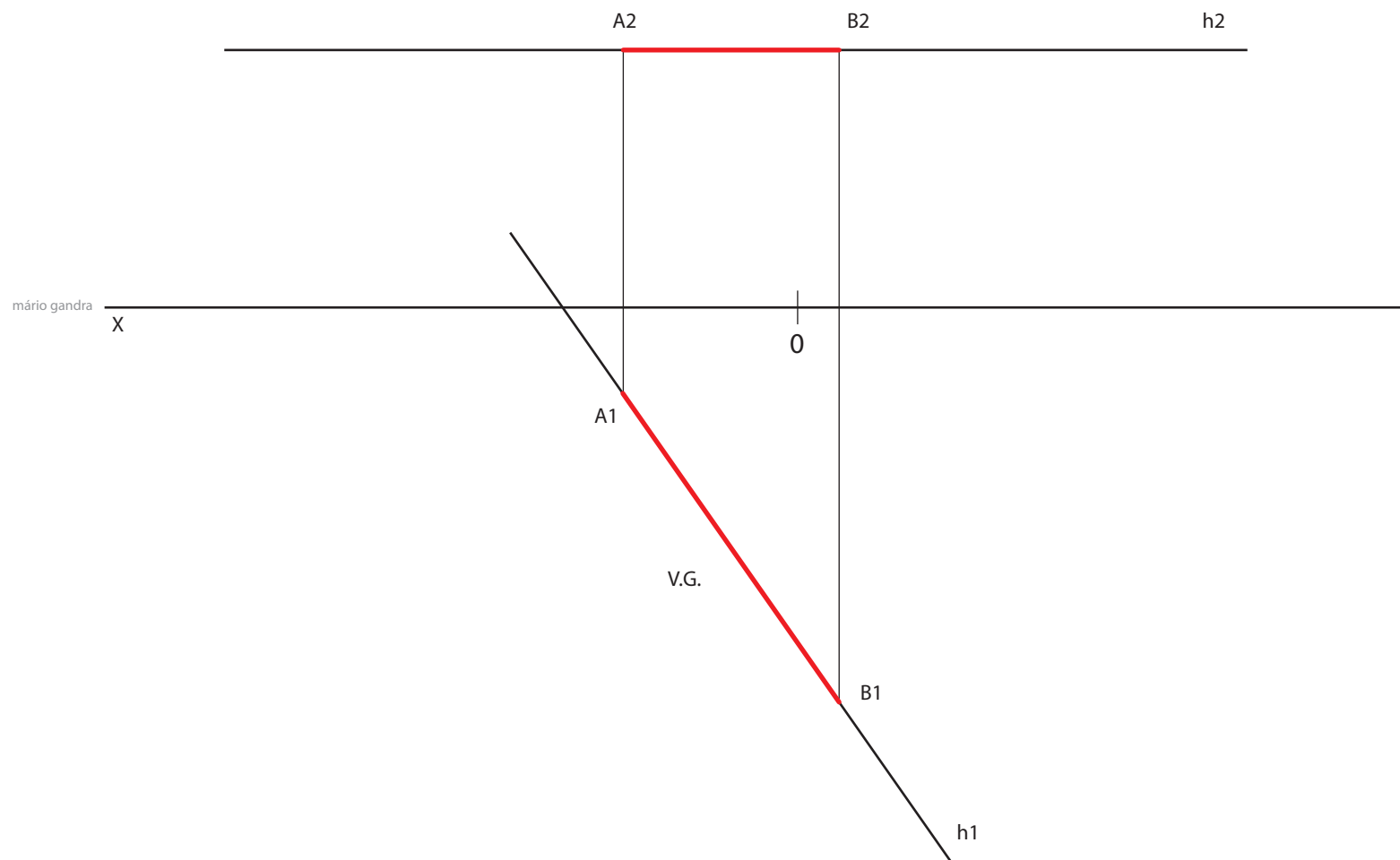
As retas do B 1/3, oblíquas, são passantes e formam o mesmo ângulo nas duas projeções

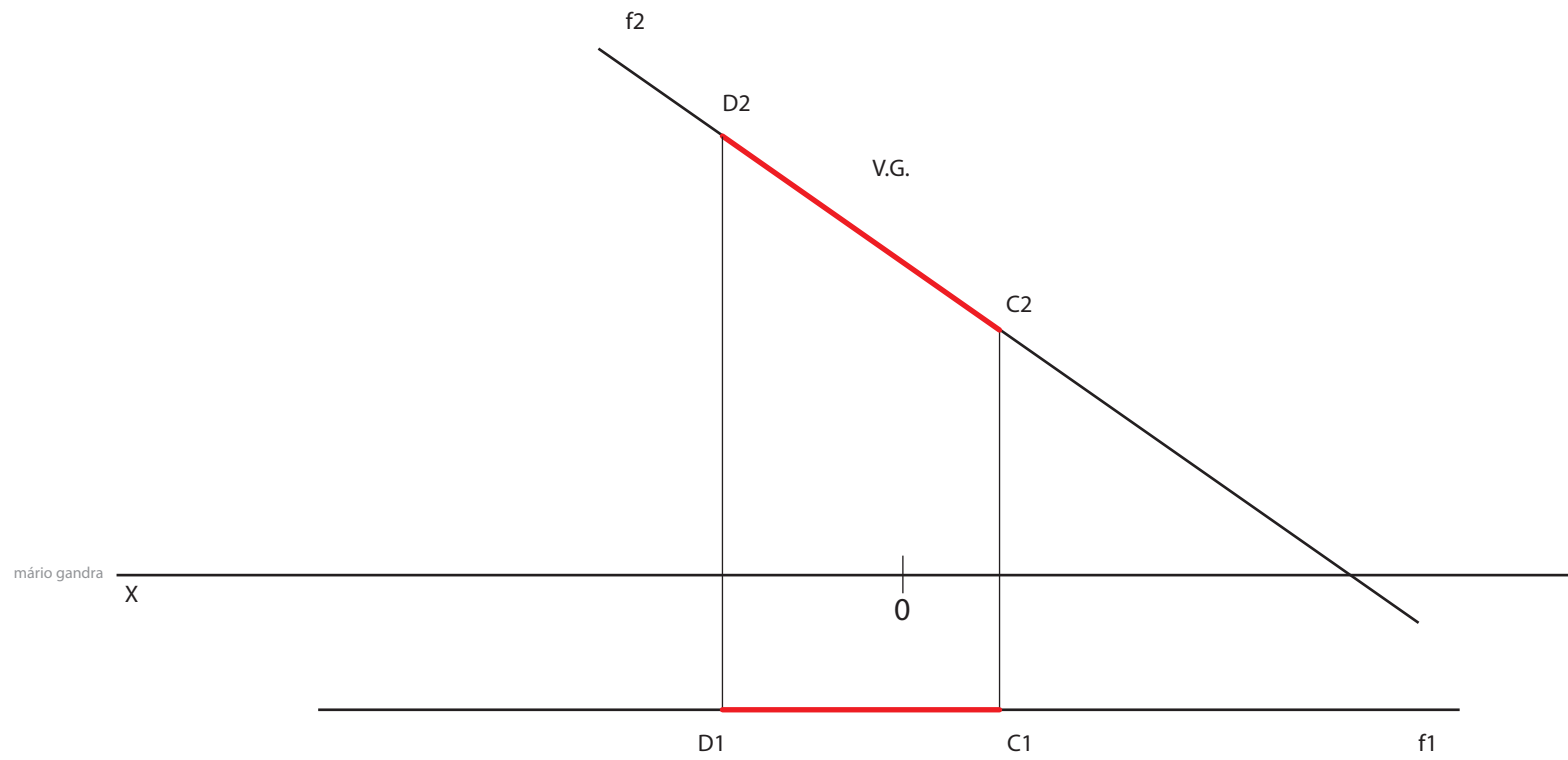
12



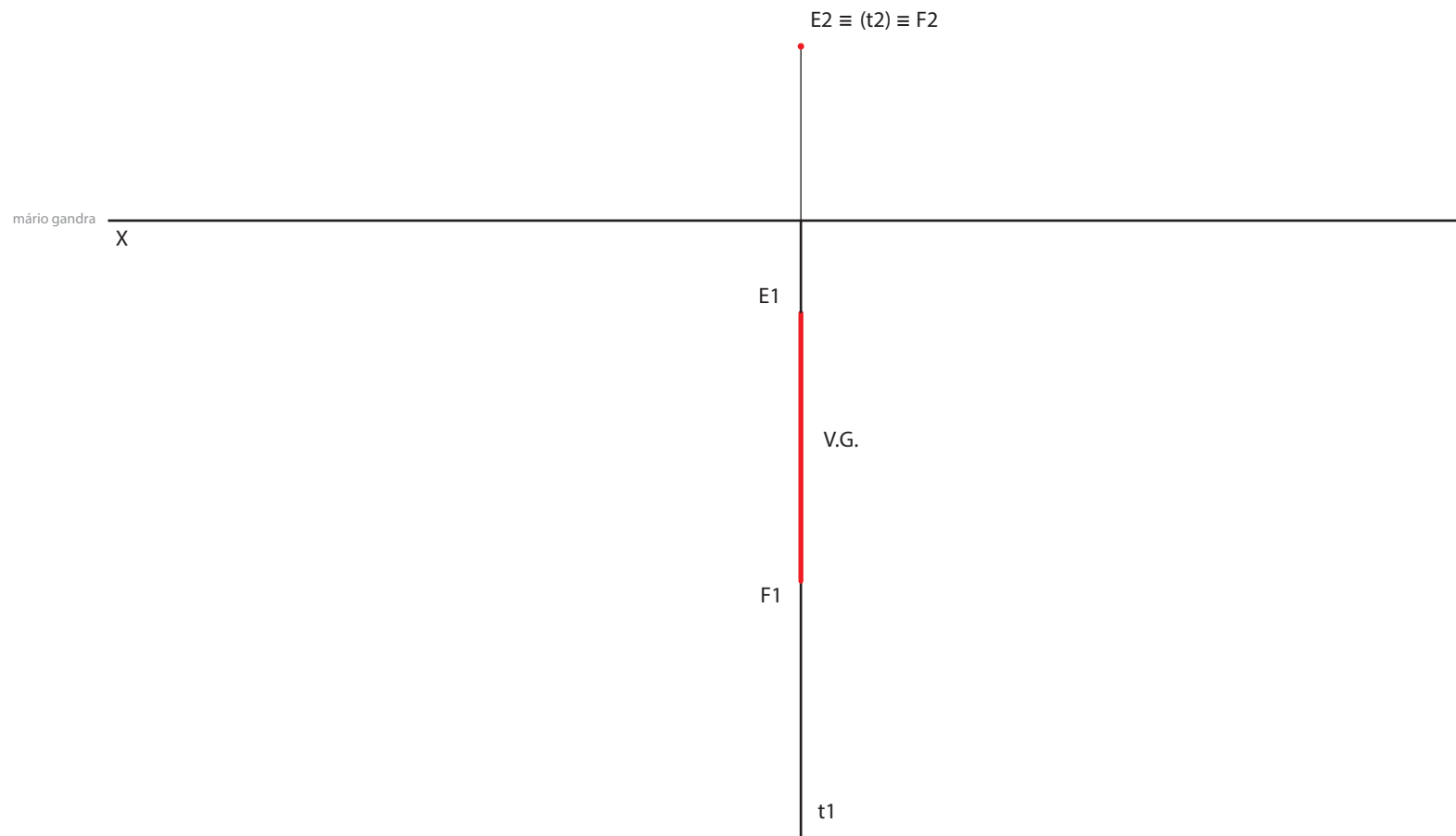
As retas do B 2/4, oblíquas, são passantes e têm as projeções coincidentes

13



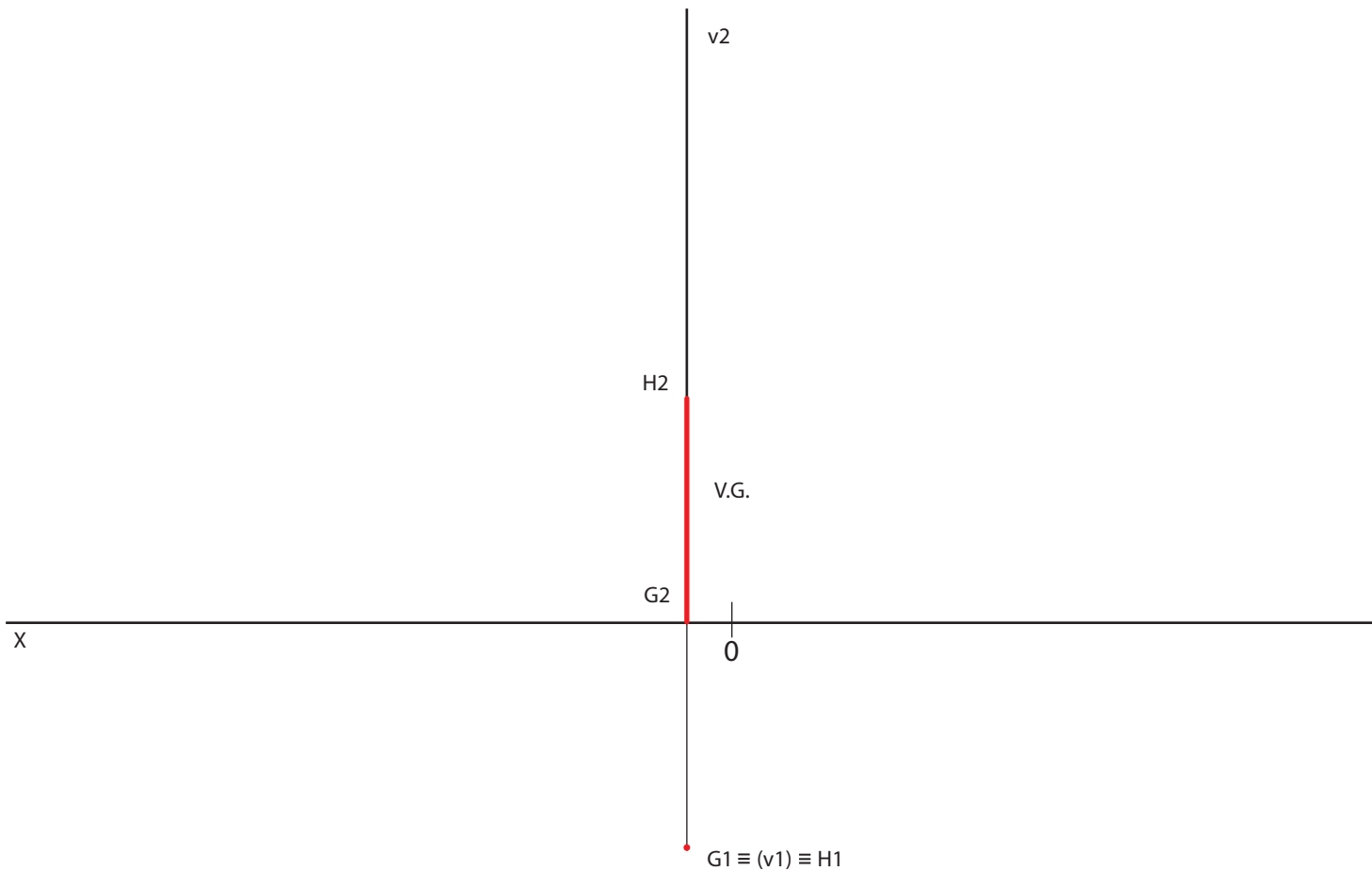


15



16

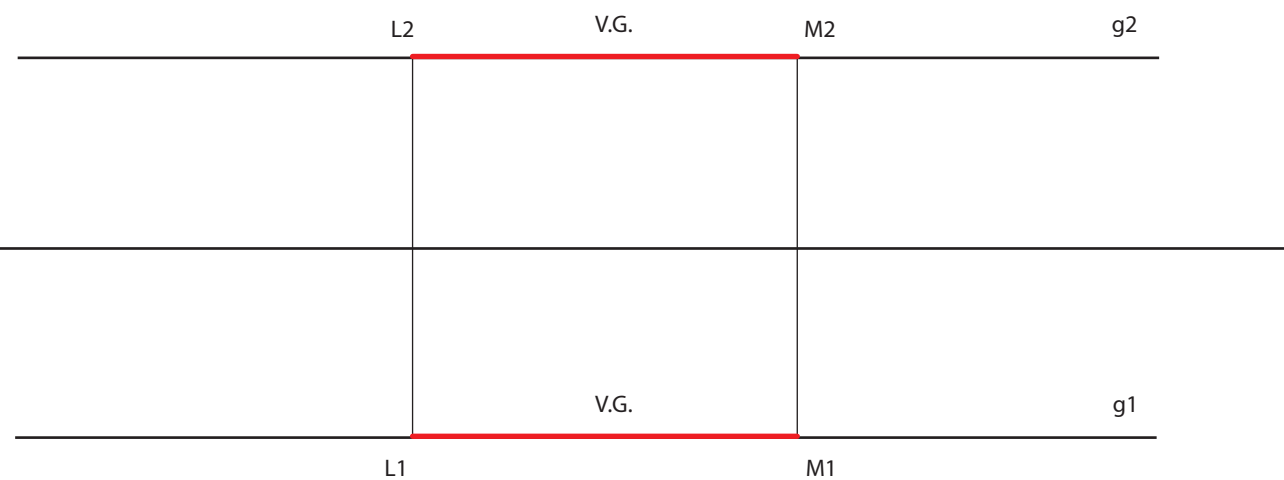
mário gandra

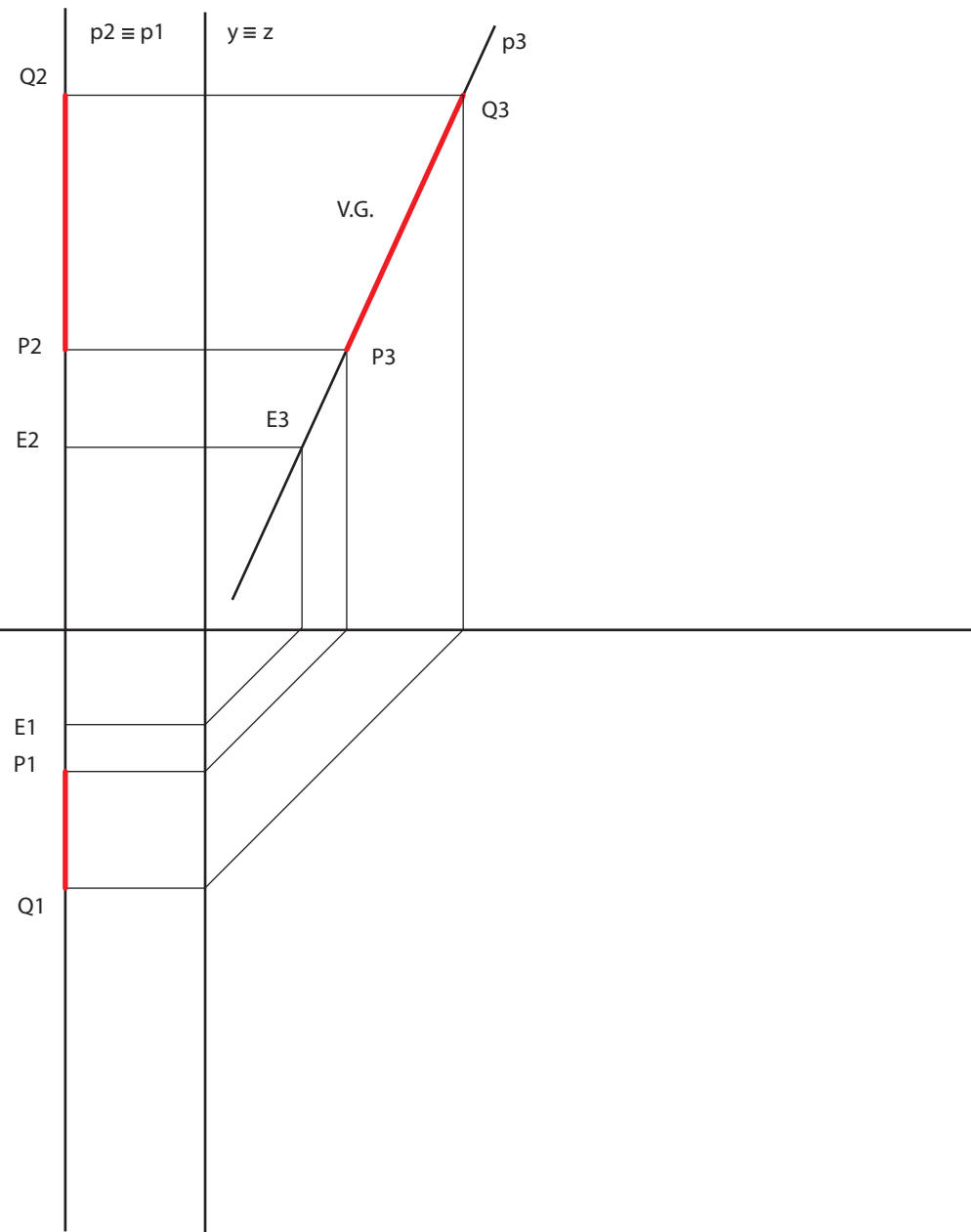


17

mário gandra

X

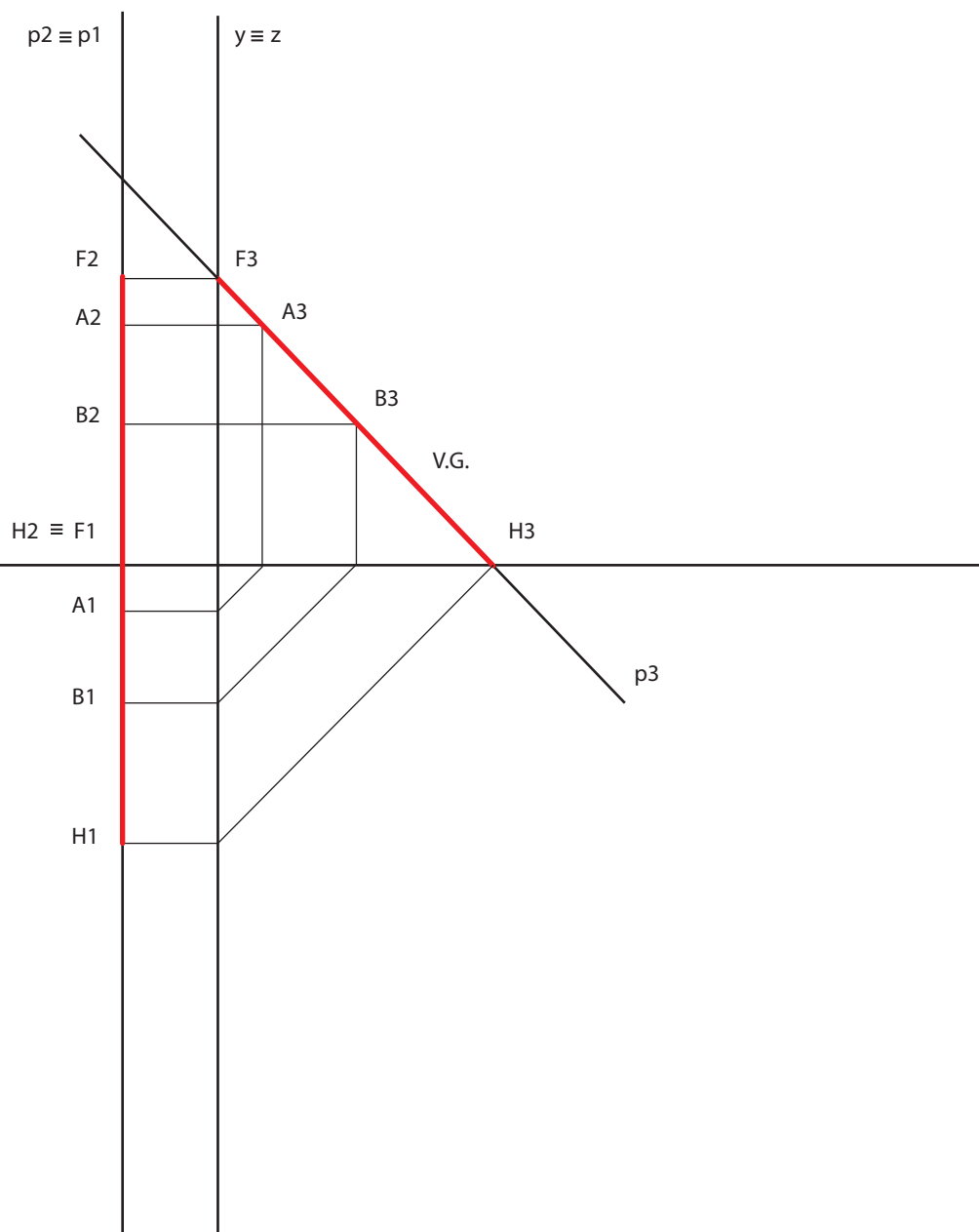




19

mário gandra

x



20

mário gandra
X

